

Advanced Fuel Cycle Initiative (AFCI) Five Year Program Plan

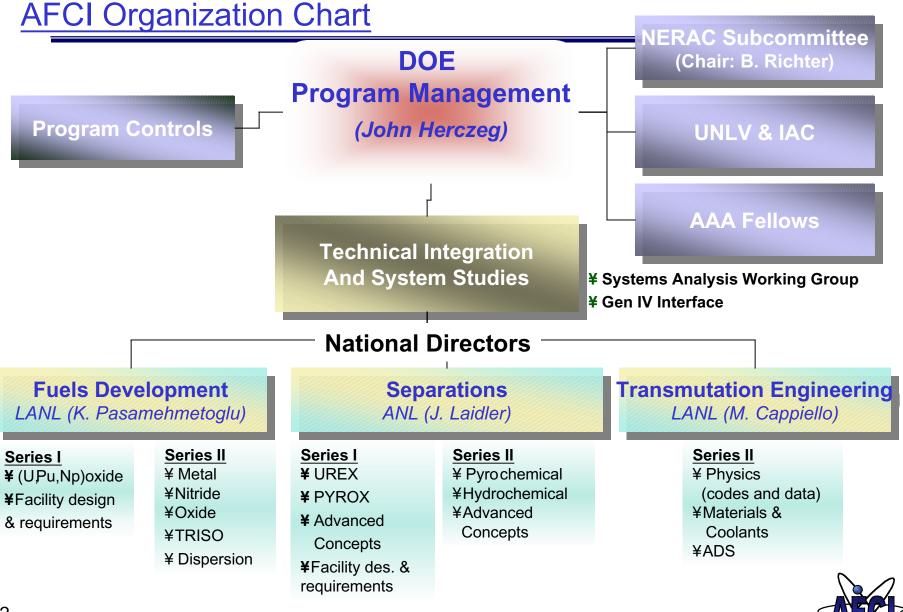
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AFC Fuels Development

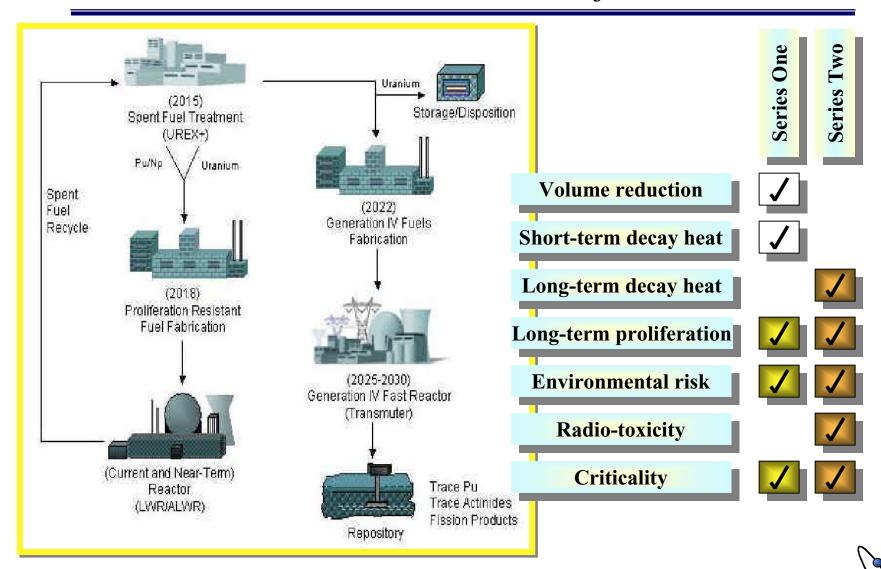
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The Fuel Development Program Addresses Both Series One and Two Fuels Needs for the AFCI



Fuel Development Program Supports the Short-term and Long-term Goals and Objectives of the AFCI

- Develop proliferation-resistant Pu U
 oxide fuels that can be used in existing
 LWRs and ALWRs soon after 2015
- **¥** By FY2007, complete
 - Fuel fabrication process definition
 - Fuel specifications
 - Performance data-package

by

- Irradiation testing
- Analyses
- Comparison to MOX data-base
- International collaborations

- **Y** Develop Pu MA -U? bearing fuels that can be used in existing fast spectrum transmutation systems to be deployed ~ 2030
- By FY2007, determine feasible fuel options consistent with selected transmutation implementation scenario, by
 - Irradiation testing
 - Analyses
 - International collaborations
- **By 2010, select final fuel form for the decided implementation scenario**

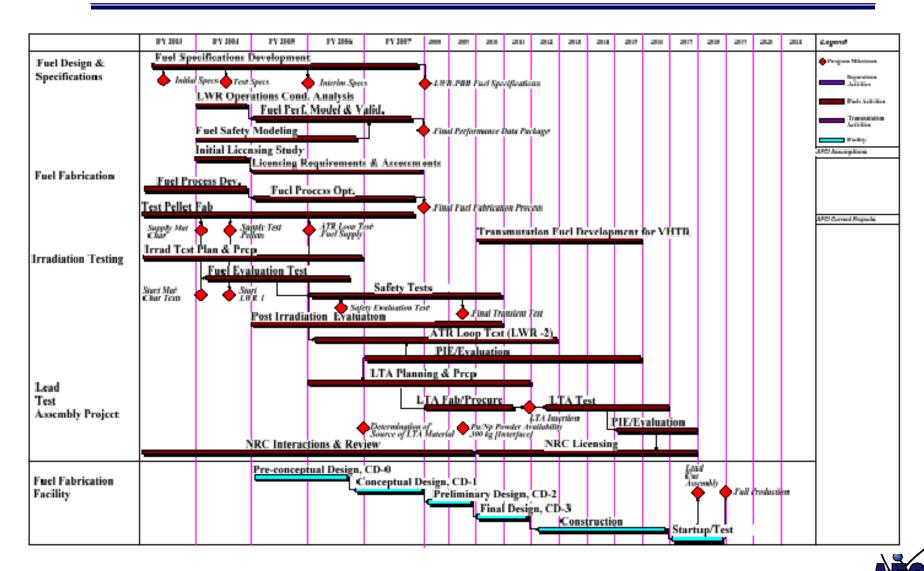


SERIES ONE FUEL DEVELOPMENT

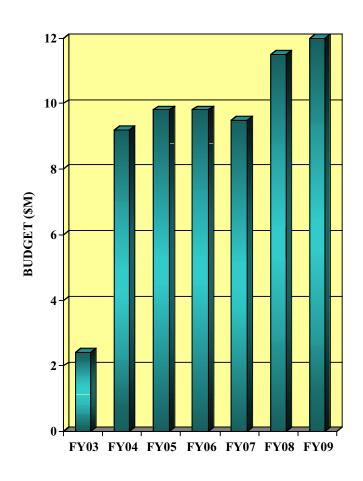
Proliferation-resistant Plutonium-Uranium Oxide fuels for LWRs and ALWRs



Top-level Deployment Schedule is Driven by Series One Fuel Development



Five-Year Budget is Estimated to Achieve the Series One Deployment Objectives



In addition to fuel fabrication and ATR testing, the budget contains the following:

- Pre-conceptual and conceptual design for the fuel fabrication facility
- LTA planning and preparation
- International collaboration to assess the MOX databases and Np bearing fuel testing
- HFIR tests if additional testing is needed
- Use of ACRR or TREAT for transient safety testing



There are a Number of Critical Issues That Must be Addressed During Series One Implementation

Y Schedule is very aggressive and success oriented

- Early definition of proliferation resistant fuel
- Early involvement of industry and NRC
- Early definition of licensing requirements

Y Irradiation test facilities exist

- Aggressive test and PIE scheduling requires timely availability of facilities
- **¥** If NRC requires detailed transient testing, TREAT or another transient test facility could be restarted.
- **Y** A fuel composition close to standard MOX will accelerate development
 - Early assessment of International MOX database in comparison with the Series One proliferation resistant fuel composition



SERIES TWO FUEL DEVELOPMENT

MA bearing transmutation fuels to be used in fast-spectrum transmuters (ADS, GEN IV)
Advanced high-burnup fuels for GEN IV reactors

Fertile-free fuel

**Fast reactors with inhomogeneous core

TRU-Rich fuel

*Fast reactors with
low conversion ratio

Fertile-rich fuel

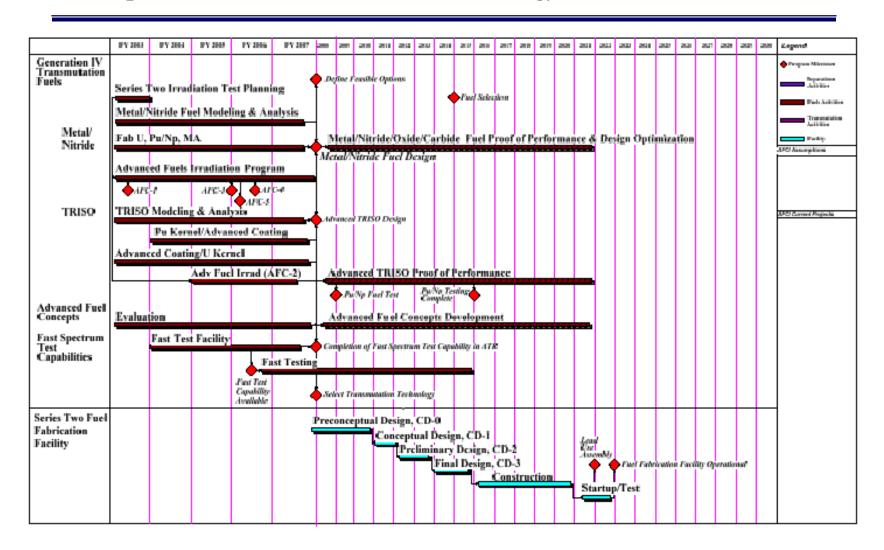
* high-burnup

equilibrium fuel cycle

(GEN-IV)

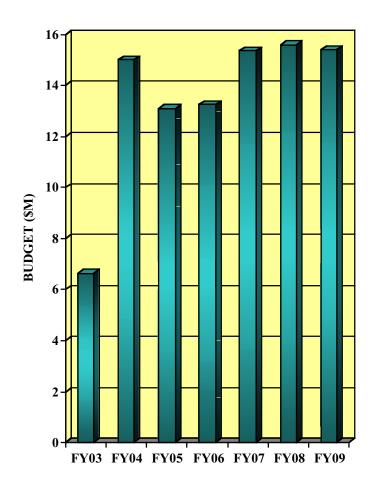


Top-Level Deployment Schedule is Driven by Series Two Implementation Scenario and Technology Selection Decisions





Five-Year Budget is Estimated to Achieve the Series Two Research Objectives and Data for Selection Studies



- **Fabrication and testing of nitride,** metallic, TRISO and one selected form of dispersion fuel for 5-6 years.
- **Y** Development of a fast-flux irradiation test facility in ATR.
 - LANSCE facility is not in this budget
- **TRISO** fuel development could be supported by multiple programs.
- Y Specific GEN IV fuel development is not included in this estimate, at this time.



Series One and Two Fuel Research Effort will be Coordinated Through a Multi-Institutional Working Group

Series Two
Fuel Development
Working Group

¥LANL, ANL, ORNL,
INEEL, GA, WSRC
¥Other labs and universities as needed
¥Early NRC involvment for Series One

**Process QA
**Fuel modeling
**Review of test results
**International collaboration

Separations:

Compatibility with Series One and Two fuels requirements

Systems:

¥Licensability studies ¥Implementation scenarios ¥Proliferation requirements ¥Core design studies

Transmutation:

¥Core physics data needs ¥Coolant compatibility



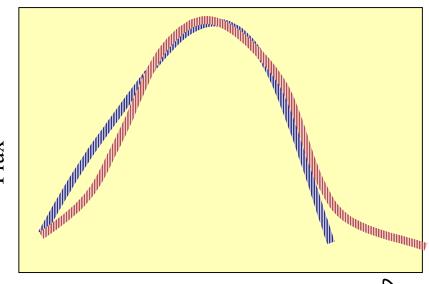
Series Two Fuel Research will Continue in the Next Five Years and Prepare Data for Selection Studies

- **¥** Longer development time needed because fuels containing MA have not been developed before
- **Y** Strong International collaboration is essential in developing an adequate data-base for selection studies
- **Y** Major issue is the availability of a domestic fast-flux irradiation capability to test high-burnup fuels
- **Y** Fuel compositions of interest are very strongly dependent on the implementation scenarios, especially the outcome of the front end Series One scenario
- **A stronger integration with GEN IV fuel needs will be achieved early in the AFCI program (mostly in FY 2003)**



Modeling is expected to provide input to selection studies

- **Testing and PIE of multiple forms of high-burnup fuels is expensive**
 - A comprehensive selection based on testing only is not feasible during the early phases of the research.
 - Facilities are limited (specifically fast spectrum test facilities)
 - Difficult to perform prototypic tests (flux & spectrum effects)
- **Even though modeling may not be predictive, fidelity of comparative studies will be very valuable.**
- **Y** Modeling must focus on both fabrication and performance.
- **¥** For ADS, the effect of high-energy tail in neutron spectrum must be addressed for both the fuel and the clad performance



Energy

